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## We claim:

- 1. An isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a T-bet protein.
- 2. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 1, which comprises the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:1.
- 3. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 2, which comprises the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 3.
  - 4. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 1, which has at least 70% nucleotide identity with at least about 700 contiguous nucleotides of SEQ ID NO:1.
- The nucleic acid molecule of claim 1; which has at least 70% nucleotide identity with at least about 500 contiguous nucleotides of SEQ ID NO:3.
  - 6. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 1, which has at least 90% nucleotide identity with at least about 700 contiguous nucleotides of SEQ ID NO:1.
  - 7. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 1, which has at least 90% nucleotide identity with at least about 500 contiguous nucleotides of SEQ ID NO:3.
    - 8. A vector comprising the nucleic acid molecule of claim 1.
    - 9. The vector of claim 8, which is an expression vector.
    - 10. A host cell containing the vector of claim 9.
- 30 11. A method for producing a T-bet protein comprising culturing the host cell of claim 10 in a suitable medium until a T-bet protein is produced.
  - 12. The method of claim 11, further comprising isolating the T-bet protein from the medium or the host cell.
    - 13. An isolated T-bet protein.

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- 14. The protein of claim 12, which comprises the amino acid sequence encoded by the nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:1.
- 15. The protein of claim 12, which comprises the amino acid sequence encoded by the nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:3.
  - 16. The protein of claim 12, which comprises the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2.
- 10 The protein of claim 12, which comprises the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 4.
  - 18. The protein of claim 12, which has at least 70% amino acid identity with the protein shown in SEQ ID NO:2.
  - 19. The protein of claim 12, which has at least 70% amino acid identity with the protein shown in SEQ ID NO:4.
- 20. The protein of claim 12, which has at least 90% amino acid identity with 20 the protein shown in SEQ ID NO:2 and having the ability to bind to DNA.
  - 21. A fusion protein comprising a T-bet protein operatively linked to a polypeptide other than T-bet.
- 25 22. Antibodies that specifically bind T-bet protein.
  - 23. The antibodies of claim 21, which are polyclonal antibodies.
  - 24. The antibodies of claim 21, which are monoclonal antibodies.
  - 25. The antibodies of claim 21, which are coupled to a detectable substance.
  - 26. A nonhuman transgenic animal that contains cells carrying a transgene encoding a T-bet protein.
  - 27. A method for detecting the presence of T-bet in a biological sample comprising contacting the biological sample with an agent capable of detecting an

indicator of T-bet activity such that the presence of T-bet is detected in the biological sample.

- 28. A method for modulating T-bet activity in a cell comprising contacting the cell with an agent that modulates T-bet activity such that T-bet activity in the cell is modulated.
  - 29. A method for identifying a compound that modulates the activity of a T-bet protein, comprising

providing an indicator composition that comprises a T-bet protein; contacting the indicator composition with a test compound; and

determining the effect of the test compound on the activity of the T-bet protein in the indicator composition to thereby identify a compound that modulates the activity of a T-bet protein.

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30. The method of claim 29, wherein:

the indicator composition comprises a T-bet protein and a DNA molecule to which the T-bet protein binds; and

the effect of the test compound on the activity of the T-bet protein is determined by evaluating the binding of the T-bet protein to the DNA molecule in the presence and absence of the test compound.

31. The method of claim 29, wherein:

the indicator composition is a cell comprising a T-bet protein and a reporter gene responsive to the T-bet protein; and

the effect of the test compound on the activity of the T-bet protein is determined by evaluating the expression of the reporter gene in the presence and absence of the test compound.

- 30 32. The method of claim 29, further comprising determining the effect of the test compound on an immune response to thereby identify a compound that modulates an immune response.
  - 33. The method of claim 28 or 29, wherein the activity of T-bet is enhanced.
  - 34. The method of claim 28 or 29, wherein the activity of T-bet is inhibited.

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- 35. The method of claim 28 or 29, wherein the activity of T-bet is IFN- $\gamma$  production.
- 36. The method of claim 28 or 29, wherein the activity of T-bet is transcription of IgG2a.
  - 37. The method of claim 28 or 29, wherein the step of contacting occurs *in vivo*.
- The method of claim 28 or 29, wherein the step of contacting occurs *in vitro*.
  - 39. The method of claim 28 or 29, wherein the test compound is selected from th group comprised of: a T-bet nucleic acid molecule, a T-bet peptide, a small molecule T-bet agonist and a small molecule T-bet antagonist.
    - 40. The method of claim 28 or 29, wherein the test compound is selected from a group comprised of: an intracellular antibody, a nucleic acid molecule that is antisense to a T-bet molecule, a dominant negative T-bet molecule, a small molecule T-bet agonist and a small molecule T-bet antagonist.
    - 41. The method of claim 28, wherein the cell is selected from the group consisting of: a T cell, a B cell, and a macrophage.
- 25 42. The method of claim 41, wherein the cell is a Th1 cell.
  - 43. A method of diagnosing a subject for a disorder associated with aberrant immune cell activation comprising:
    - (a) detecting expression of T-bet in immune cells of a subject suspected of having said disorder;
    - (b) comparing expression of T-bet in immune cells of siad subject to a control that is not associated with aberrant immune cell activation; and
      - (c) diagnosing the subject for a disorder based on a change in expression of T-bet in immune cells of the subject as compared to the control.
    - 44. The method of claim 43, wherein the disorder is an autoimmune disease.

- 45. The method of claim 44, wherein the disorder is lupus.
- 46. The method of claim 43, wherein the disorder is Inflammatory Bowel Disease.

- 47. The method of claim 46, wherein the disorder is Crohn's disease.
- 48. The method of claim 46, wherein the disorder is ulcerative colitis.
- 10 49. The method of claim 46, wherein the disorder is asthma.